**BTEC LEVEL 5 HND COMPUTING AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT**

**QULITY SYSTEMS IN IT**

A Project Quality Systems in IT Presented

by

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**QUALITY IN AMAZON’S IT SYSTEM – SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT**

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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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# ABSTRACT

**QUALITY IN AMAZON’S IT SYSTEM SOFTWARE DELOPMENT**

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**CHAPTER OR TASK 1**

# NEW SCIENTIFIC DARWINISTS

## Introduction

This chapter shows how Darwin's theory of evolution was applied to the study of human evolution by two of the most enthusiastic of the new scientific Darwinists, T. H. Huxley and Ernst Haeckel. Both Huxley and Haeckel adopted the anti-creationist aspects of Darwin's theory and used them to attack many traditional beliefs and social institutions, as well as to advance the claims of science to be an authority within society. The chapter also shows how Darwin's theory provided a basis for the foundation of comparative psychology by G. J. Romanes.

### Applicability of Darwin's Argument to Human Beings

Huxley accepted Darwin's argument for evolution by natural selection and set out to demonstrate the applicability of the argument to human beings. Man's Place in Nature was published in 1863.

Figure 1: Caption for My First Figure

#### An Example of a Heading 4 Subdivision Head

One of the major controversies of Darwin scholarship is whether or not there is a "Darwinian revolution." I agree with those who consider that Darwin's insights, arguments and impact are significant enough to warrant the title "revolution."

##### An Example of a Heading 5 Subdivision Head

CHAPTER TASK 2

# SECOND CHAPTER TITLE

## Ernst Heinrich Haeckel

Ernst Haeckel, like Huxley, used science as a weapon against some of the prevalent assumptions and institutions of his day. For Haeckel natural selection was both a description of the origin of species and (because it is a mechanical non-teleological explanation of morphology, which paralleled the mechanical explanations of physics and astronomy) the final proof of the "unity of organic and inorganic nature."[[1]](#footnote-1) Haeckel wrote a number of books in an attempt to convert non-scientists to his ideas.

### Haeckel’s Anti-Anthropocentrism

Many of these were quickly translated into English and sold very well. The most important of his books for an examination of his anti-anthropocentrism are: The History of Creation (translated in 1873); The Evolution of Man (translated 1879); The Last Link (translated 1898); The Riddle of the Universe (1900); and The Wonders of Life (1905).

Figure 2: Caption for My Second Figure

CONCLUSION

**APPENDICES** (Optional)

**APPENDIX A**

# THE DARWINIAN REVOLUTION

One of the major controversies of Darwin scholarship is whether or not there is a "Darwinian revolution." I agree with those who consider that Darwin's insights, arguments and impact are significant enough to warrant the title "revolution." Of course, no intellectual revolution occurs without a context.

**APPENDIX B**

# THE TABLES

Unfortunately, a short caption looks dumb left-justified and a long caption looks dumb center-justified, but you have to choose one style and be consistent.

Table 1: Caption for First Table

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Table 2: Caption for Second Table

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| orange | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| blue | 3 | 2 | 0 |

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1. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)